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(54) **NOVEL DNAs AND PROCESS FOR PRODUCING PROTEINS BY USING THE SAME**

(57) DNAs having the nucleotide sequences of the Sequences No. 1 and No. 2 in the Sequence Table and a process for producing a protein which comprises inserting these DNAs into expression vectors to thereby produce a protein having molecular weights of about 60 kD (under reductive conditions) and about 60 kD and 120 kD (under non-reductive conditions) and being capable of inhibiting formation of osteoclast. These proteins are useful in the treatment of osteoporosis and rheumatism.

EP 0 874 045 A1

**Description****FIELD OF TECHNOLOGY**

5 The present invention relates to a novel DNA and a process for preparing a protein which possesses an activity to inhibit osteoclast differentiation and/or maturation (hereinafter called osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory activity) by a genetic engineering technique using the DNA. More particularly, the present invention relates to a genomic DNA encoding a protein OCIF which possesses an osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory activity and a process for preparing said protein by a genetic engineering technique using the genomic DNA.

**BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

Human bones are constantly repeating a process of resorption and formation. Osteoblasts controlling formation of bones and osteoclasts controlling resorption of bones take major roles in this process. Osteoporosis is a typical disease caused by abnormal metabolism of bones. This disease is caused when bone resorption by osteoclasts exceeds bone formation by osteoblasts. Although the mechanism of this disease is still to be elucidated completely, the disease causes the bones to ache, makes the bones fragile, and may results in fracturing of the bones. As the population of the aged increases, this disease results in an increase in bedridden aged people which becomes a social problem. Urgent development of a therapeutic agent for this disease is strongly desired. Disease due to a decrease in bone mass is expected to be treated by controlling bone resorption, accelerating bone formation, or improving balance between bone resorption and formation.

Osteogenesis is expected to increase by accelerating proliferation, differentiation, or activation of the cells controlling bone formation, or by controlling proliferation, differentiation, or activation of the cells involved in bone resorption. In recent years, strong interest has been directed to physiologically active proteins (cytokines) exhibiting such activities as described above, and energetic research is ongoing on this subject. The cytokines which have been reported to accelerate proliferation or differentiation of osteoblasts include the proteins of fibroblast growth factor family (FGF: Rodan S. B. et al., Endocrinology vol. 121, p 1917, 1987), insulin-like growth factor I (IGF-I: Hock J. M. et al., Endocrinology vol. 122, p 254, 1988), insulin growth factor II (IGF-II: McCarthy T. et al., Endocrinology vol. 124, p 301, 1989), Activin A (Centrella M. et al., Mol. Cell. Biol., vol. 11, p 250, 1991), transforming growth factor- $\beta$ , (Noda M., The Bone, vol. 2, p 29, 1988), Vasculotropin (Varonique M. et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun., vol. 199, p 380, 1994), and the protein of heterotopic bone formation factor family (bone morphogenic protein; BMP: BMP-2; Yanaguchi A. et al., J. Cell Biol. vol. 113, p 682, 1991, OP-1; Sampath T. K. et al., J. Biol. Chem. vol. 267, p 20532, 1992, and Knutsen R. et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. vol. 194, P 1352, 1993).

On the other hand, as the cytokines which suppress differentiation and/or maturation of osteoclasts, transforming growth factor- $\beta$  (Chenu C. et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, vol. 85, p 5683, 1988), interleukin-4 (Kasano K. et al., Bone-Miner., vol. 21, p 179, 1993), and the like have been reported. Further, as the cytokines which suppress bone resorption by osteoclast, calcitonin (Bone-Miner., vol. 17, p 347, 1992), macrophage colony stimulating factor (Hattersley G. et al., J. Cell. Physiol. vol. 137, p 199, 1988), interleukin-4 (Watanabe, K. et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. vol. 172, P 1035, 1990), and interferon- $\gamma$  (Gowen M. et al., J. Bone Miner. Res., vol. 1, p 46.9, 1986) have been reported.

These cytokines are expected to be used as agents for treating diseases accompanying bone loss by accelerating bone formation or suppressing of bone resorption. Clinical tests are being undertaken to verify the effect of improving bone metabolism of some cytokines such as insulin-like growth factor-I and the heterotopic bone formation factor family. In addition, calcitonin is already commercially available as a therapeutic agent for osteoporosis and a pain relief agent. At present, drugs for clinically treating bone diseases or shortening the period of treatment of bone diseases include activated vitamin D<sub>3</sub>, calcitonin and its derivatives, and hormone preparations such as estradiol agent, ipriflavon or calcium preparations. These agents are not necessarily satisfactory in terms of the efficacy and therapeutic results. Development of a novel therapeutic agent which can be used in place of these agents is strongly desired.

In view of this situation, the present inventors have undertaken extensive studies. As a result, the present inventors had found protein OCIF exhibiting an osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory activity in a culture broth of human embryonic lung fibroblast IMR-90 (ATCC Deposition No. CCL186), and filed a patent application (PCT/JP96/00374). The present inventors have conducted further studies relating to the origin of this protein OCIF exhibiting the osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory activity. The studies have matured into determination of the sequence of a genomic DNA encoding the human origin OCIF. Accordingly, an object of the present invention is to provide a genomic DNA encoding protein OCIF exhibiting osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory activity and a process for preparing this protein by a genetic engineering technique using the genomic DNA.

DISCLOSURE OF THE INVENTION

Specifically, the present invention relates to a genomic DNA encoding protein OCIF exhibiting osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory activity and a process for preparing this protein by a genetic engineering technique using the genomic DNA.

The DNA of the present invention includes the nucleotide sequences No. 1 and No. 2 in the Sequence Table attached hereto.

Moreover, the present invention relates to a process for preparing a protein, comprising inserting a DNA including the nucleotide sequences of the sequences No. 1 and No. 2 in the Sequence Table into an expression vector, producing a vector capable of expressing a protein having the following physicochemical characteristics and exhibiting the activity of inhibiting differentiation and/or maturation of osteoclasts, and producing this protein by a genetic engineering technique,

(a) molecular weight (SDS-PAGE):

(i) Under reducing conditions: about 60 kD,

(ii) Under non-reducing conditions: about 60 kD and about 120 kD;

(b) amino acid sequence:

includes an amino acid sequence of the Sequence ID No. 3 of the Sequence Table,

(c) affinity:

exhibits affinity to a cation exchanger and heparin, and

(d) thermal stability:

(i) the osteoclast differentiation and/or maturation inhibitory activity is reduced when treated with heat at 70°C for 10 minutes or at 56°C for 30 minutes,

(ii) the osteoclast differentiation and/or maturation inhibitory activity is lost when treated with heat at 90°C for 10 minutes.

The protein obtained by expressing the gene of the present invention exhibits an osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory activity. This protein is effective as an agent for the treatment and improvement of diseases involving decrease in the amount of bone such as osteoporosis, diseases relating to bone metabolism abnormality such as rheumatism, degenerative joint disease, or multiple myeloma, and is useful as an antigen to establish an immunological diagnosis of such diseases.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1 shows a result of Western Blotting analysis of the protein obtained by causing genomic DNA of the present invention to express a protein in Example 4 (iii), wherein lane 1 indicates a marker, lane 2 indicates the culture broth of COS7 cells in which a vector pWESR $\alpha$ OCIF (Example 4 (iii)) has been transfected, and lane 3 is the culture broth of COS7 cell in which a vector pWESR $\alpha$ (control) has been transfected.

BEST MODE FOR CARRYING OUT THE INVENTION

The genomic DNA encoding the protein OCIF which exhibits osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory activity in the present invention can be obtained by preparing a cosmid library using a human placenta genomic DNA and a cosmid vector and by screening this library using DNA fragments which are prepared based on the OCIF cDNA as a probe. The thus-obtained genomic DNA is inserted into a suitable expression vector to prepare an OCIF expression cosmid. A recombinant type OCIF can be obtained by transfecting the genomic DNA into a host organism such as various types of cells or microorganism strains and causing the DNA to express a protein by a conventional method. The resultant protein exhibiting osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory activity (an osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory factor) is useful as an agent for the treatment and improvement of diseases involving a decrease in bone mass such as osteoporosis and other diseases relating to bone metabolism abnormality and also as an antigen to prepare antibodies for establishing immunological diagnosis of such diseases. The protein of the present invention can be prepared as a drug composition for oral or non-oral administration. Specifically, the drug composition of the present invention containing the protein which is an osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory factor as an active ingredient can be safely administered to humans and animals. As the form of drug composition, a composition for injection, composition for intravenous drip, suppository, nasal agent, sublingual agent, percutaneous absorption agent, and the like are given. In the case of the composition for injection, such a composition is a mixture of a pharmacologically effective amount of osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory factor of the present

invention and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. The composition may further comprise amino acids, saccharides, cellulose derivatives, and other excipients and/or activation agents, including other organic compounds and inorganic compounds which are commonly added to a composition for injection. When an injection preparation is prepared using the osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory factor of the present invention and these excipients and activation agents, a pH adjuster, buffering agent, stabilizer, solubilizing agent, and the like may be added if necessary to prepare various types of injection agents.

The present invention will now be described in more detail by way of examples which are given for the purpose of illustration and not intended to be limiting of the present invention.

#### Example 1

##### (Preparation of a cosmid library)

A cosmid library was prepared using human placenta genomic DNA (Clontech; Cat. No. 6550-2) and pWE15 cosmid vector (Stratagene). The experiment was carried out following principally the protocol attached to the pWE15 cosmid vector kit of Stratagene Company, provided Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual (Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory (1989)) was referred to for common procedures for handling DNA, E. coli, and phage.

##### (i) Preparation of restrictive enzymolysate of human-genomic DNA

Human placenta genomic DNA dissolved in 750  $\mu$ l of a solution containing 10 mM Tris-HCl, 10 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, and 100 mM NaCl was added to four 1.5 ml Eppendorf tubes (tube A, B, C, and D) in the amount of 100  $\mu$ g each. Restriction enzyme MboI was added to these tubes in the amounts of 0.2 unit for tube A, 0.4 unit for tube B, 0.6 unit for tube C, and 0.8 unit for tube D, and DNA was digested for 1 hour. Then, EDTA in the amount to make a 20 mM concentration was added to each tube to terminate the reaction, followed by extraction with phenol/chloroform (1:1). A two-fold amount of ethanol was added to the aqueous layer to precipitate DNA. DNA was collected by centrifugation, washed with 70% ethanol, and DNA in each tube was dissolved in 100  $\mu$ l of TE (10 mM HCl (pH 8.0) + 1 mM EDTA buffer solution, hereinafter called TE). DNA in four tubes was combined in one tube and incubated for 10 minutes at 68°C. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture was overlayed onto a 10%-40 % linear sucrose gradient which was prepared in a buffer containing 20 mM Tris-HCl (pH 8.0), 5 mM EDTA, and 1 mM NaCl in a centrifugal tube (38 ml). The tube was centrifuged at 26,000 rpm for 24 hours at 20°C using a rotor SRP28SA manufactured by Hitachi, Ltd. and 0.4 ml fractions of the sucrose gradient was collected using a fraction collector. A portion of each fraction was subjected to 0.4% agarose electrophoresis to confirm the size of DNA. Fractions containing DNA with a length of 30 kb (kilo base pair) to 40 kb were thus combined. The DNA solution was diluted with TE to make a sucrose concentration to 10% or less and 2.5-fold volumes of ethanol was added to precipitate DNA. DNA was dissolved in TE and stored at 4°C.

##### (ii) Preparation of cosmid vector

The pWE15 cosmid vector obtained from Stratagene Company was completely digested with restriction enzyme BamHI according to the protocol attached to the cosmid vector kit. DNA collected by ethanol precipitation was dissolved in TE to a concentration of 1 mg/ml. Phosphoric acid at the 5'-end of this DNA was removed using calf small intestine alkaline phosphatase, and DNA was collected by phenol extraction and ethanol precipitation. The DNA was dissolved in TE to a concentration of 1 mg/ml.

##### (iii) Ligation of genomic DNA to vector and in vitro packaging

1.5 micrograms of genomic DNA fractionated according to size and 3  $\mu$ g of pWE15 cosmid vector which was digested with restriction enzyme BamHI were ligated in 20  $\mu$ l of a reaction solution using Ready-To-Go T4DNA ligase of Pharmacia Company. The ligated DNA was packaged in vitro using Gigapack™ II packaging extract (Stratagene) according to the protocol. After the packaging reaction, a portion of the reaction mixture was diluted stepwise with an SM buffer solution and mixed with E. coli XL1-Blue MR (Stratagene) which was suspended in 10 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub> to cause phage to infect, and plated onto LB agar plates containing 50  $\mu$ g/ml of ampicillin. The number of colonies produced was counted. The number of colonies per 1  $\mu$ l of packaging reaction was calculated based on this result.

##### (iv) Preparation of a cosmid library

The packaging reaction solution thus prepared was mixed with E. coli XL1-Blue MR and the mixture was plated onto agarose plates containing ampicillin so as to produce 50,000 colonies per agarose plate having a 15 cm of diam-

eter. After incubating the plate overnight at 37°C, an LB culture medium was added in the amount of 3 ml per plate to suspend and collect colonies of *E. coli*. Each agarose plate was again washed with 3 ml of the LB culture medium and the washing was combined with the original suspension of *E. coli*. The *E. coli* collected from all agarose plates was placed in a centrifugal tube, glycerol was added to a concentration of 20%, and ampicillin was further added to make a final concentration of 50 µg/ml. A portion of the *E. coli* suspension was removed and the remainder was stored at -80°C. The removed *E. coli* was diluted stepwise and plated onto an agar plates to count the number of colonies per 1 ml of suspension.

#### Example 2

##### (Screening of cosmid library and purification of colony)

A nitrocellulose filter (Millipore) with a diameter of 14.2 cm was placed on each LB agarose plate with a diameter of 15 cm which contained 50 µg/ml of ampicillin. The cosmid library was plated onto the plates so as to produce 50,000 colonies of *E. coli* per plate, followed by incubation overnight at 37°C. *E. coli* on the nitrocellulose filter was transferred to another nitrocellulose filter according to a conventional method to obtain two replica filters. According to the protocol attached to the cosmid vector kit, cosmid DNA in the *E. coli* on the replica filters was denatured with an alkali, neutralized, and immobilized on the nitrocellulose filter using a Stratalinker (Stratagene). The filters were heated for two hours at 80°C in a vacuum oven. The nitrocellulose filters thus obtained were hybridized using two kinds of DNA produced, respectively, from 5'-end and 3'-end of human OCIF cDNA as probes. Namely, a plasmid was purified from *E. coli* pKB/OIF10 (deposited at The Ministry of International Trade and Industry, the Agency of Industrial Science and Technology, Biotechnology Laboratory, Deposition No. FERM BP-5267) containing OCIF cDNA. The plasmid containing OCIF cDNA was digested with restriction enzymes KpnI and EcoRI. Fragments thus obtained was separated using agarose gel electrophoresis. KpnI/EcoRI fragment with a length of 0.2 kb was purified using a QIAEX II gel extraction kit (Qiagen). This DNA was labeled with <sup>32</sup>P using the Megaprime DNA Labeling System (Amasham) (5'-DNA probe). Apart from this, a BamHI/EcoRV fragment with a length of 0.2 kb which was produced from the above plasmid by digestion with restriction enzymes BamHI and EcoRV was purified and labeled with <sup>32</sup>P (3'-DNA probe). One of the replica filters described above was hybridized with the 5'-DNA probe and the other with the 3'-DNA probe. Hybridization and washing of the filters were carried out according to the protocol attached to the cosmid vector kit. Autoradiography detected several positive signals with each probe. One colony which gave positive signals with both probe was identified. The colony on the agar plate, which corresponding to the signal on the autoradiogram was isolated and purified. A cosmid was prepared from the purified colony by a conventional method. This cosmid was named pWEOCIF. The size of human genomic DNA contained in this cosmid was about 38 kb.

#### Example 3

##### (Determination of the nucleotide sequence of human OCIF genomic DNA)

##### (i) Subcloning of OCIF genomic DNA

Cosmid pWEOCIF was digested with restriction enzyme EcoRI. After the separation of the DNA fragments thus produced by electrophoresis using a 0.7% agarose gel, the DNA fragments were transferred to a nylon membrane (Hybond -N, Amasham) by the Southern blot technique and immobilized on the nylon membrane using Stratalinker (Stratagene). On the other hand, plasmid pBKOCIF was digested with restriction enzyme EcoRI and a 1.6 kb fragment containing human OCIF cDNA was isolated by agarose gel electrophoresis. The fragment was labeled with <sup>32</sup>P using the Megaprime DNA labeling system (Amasham).

Hybridization of the nylon membranes described above with the <sup>32</sup>P-labeled 1.6-kb OCIF cDNA was performed according to a conventional method detected that DNA fragments with a size of 6 kb, 4 kb, 3.6 kb, and 2.6 kb. These fragments hybridized with the human OCIF cDNA were isolated using agarose gel electrophoresis and individually subcloned into an EcoRI site of pBluescript II SK + vector (Stratagene) by a conventional method. The resulting plasmids were respectively named pBSE 6, pBSE 4, pBSE 3.6, and pBSE 2.6.

##### (ii) Determination of the nucleotide sequence

The nucleotide sequence of human OCIF genomic DNA which was subcloned into the plasmid was determined using the ABI Dideoxy Terminator Cycle Sequencing Ready Reaction kit (Perkin Elmer) and the 373 Sequencing System (Applied Biosystems). The primer used for the determination of the nucleotide sequence was synthesized based on the nucleotide sequence of human OCIF cDNA (Sequence ID No. 4 in the Sequence Table). The nucleotide

sequences thus determined are given as the Sequences No. 1 and No. 2 in the Sequence Table. The Sequence ID No. 1 includes the first exon of the OCIF gene and the Sequence ID No. 2 includes the second, third, fourth, and fifth exons. A stretch of about 17 kb is present between the first and second exons.

#### Example 4

##### (Production of recombinant OCIF using COS-7 cells)

##### (i) Preparation of OCIF genomic DNA expression cosmid

To express OCIF genomic DNA in animal cells, an expression unit of expression plasmid pcDL-SR $\alpha$ 296 (Molecular and Cellular Biology, vol. 8, P466-472, 1988) was inserted into cosmid vector pWE15 (Stratagene). First of all, the expression plasmid pcDL-SR $\alpha$ 296 was digested with a restriction enzyme Sal I to cut out expression unit with a length of about 1.7 kb which includes an SR $\alpha$ promotor, SV40 later splice signal, poly (A) addition signal, and so on. The digestion products were separated by agarose electrophoresis and the 1.7-kb fragment was purified using the QIAEX II gel extraction kit (Qiagen). On the other hand, cosmid vector pWE15 was digested with a restriction enzyme EcoRI and fragments were separated using agarose gel electrophoresis. pWE15 DNA of 8.2 kb long was purified using the QIAEX II gel extraction kit (Qiagen). The ends of these two DNA fragments were blunted using a DNA blunting kit (Takara Shuzo), ligated using a DNA ligation kit (Takara Shuzo), and transferred into E. coli DH5 $\alpha$  (Gibco BRL). The resultant transformant was grown and the expression cosmid pWESR $\alpha$  containing an expression unit was purified using a Qiagen column (Qiagen).

The cosmid pWE OCIF containing the OCIF genomic DNA with a length of about 38 kb obtained in (i) above was digested with a restriction enzyme NotI to cut out the OCIF genomic DNA of about 38 kb. After separation by agarose gel electrophoresis, the DNA was purified using the QIAEX II gel extraction kit (Qiagen). On the other hand, the expression cosmid pWESR $\alpha$  was digested with a restriction enzyme EcoRI and the digestion product was extracted with phenol and chloroform, ethanol-precipitated, and dissolved in TE.

pWESR $\alpha$  digested with a restriction enzyme EcoRI and an EcoRI-XmnI-NotI adapter (#1105, #1156 New England Biolaboratory Co.) were ligated using T4 DNA ligase (Takara Shuzo Co., Ltd.). After removal of the free adapter by agarose gel electrophoresis, the product was purified using QIAEX gel extraction kit (Qiagen). The OCIF genomic DNA with a length of about 37 kb which was derived from the digestion with restriction enzyme NotI and the pWESR $\alpha$  to which the adapter was attached were ligated using T4 DNA ligase (Takara Shuzo). The DNA was packaged in vitro using the Gigapack packaging extract (Stratagene) and infected with E. coli XL1-Blue MR (Stratagene). The resultant transformant was grown and the expression cosmid pWESR $\alpha$ OCIF which contained OCIF genomic DNA was inserted was purified using a Qiagen column (Qiagen). The OCIF expression cosmid pWESR $\alpha$ OCIF was ethanol-precipitated and dissolved in sterile distilled water and used in the following analysis.

##### (ii) Transient expression of OCIF genomic DNA and measurement of OCIF activity

A recombinant OCIF was expressed as described below using the OCIF expression cosmid pWESR $\alpha$ OCIF obtained in (i) above and its activity was measured. COS-7 (8x10<sup>5</sup>cells/well) cells (Riken Cell Bank, RCB0539) were planted in a 6-well plate using DMEM culture medium (Gibco BRL) containing 10% fetal bovine serum (Gibco BRL). On the following day, the culture medium was removed and cells were washed with serum-free DMEM culture medium. The OCIF expression cosmid pWESR $\alpha$ OCIF which had been diluted with OPTI-MEM culture medium (Gibco BRL) was mixed with lipopfectamine and the mixture was added to the cells in each well according to the attached protocol. The expression cosmid pWESR $\alpha$  was added to the cells in the same manner as a control. The amount of the cosmid DNA and Lipopfectamine was respectively 3  $\mu$ g and 12  $\mu$ l. After 24 hours, the culture medium was removed and 1.5 ml of fresh EX-CELL 301 culture medium (JRH Bioscience) was added to each well. The culture medium was recovered after 48 hours and used as a sample for the measurement of OCIF activity. The measurement of OCIF activity was carried out according to the method described by Kumegawa, M. et al. (Protein, Nucleic Acid, and Enzyme, Vol. 34, p 999 (1989)) and the method of TAKAHASHI, N. et al. (Endocrinology vol. 122, p 1373 (1988)). The osteoclast formation in the presence of activated vitamin D<sub>3</sub> from bone marrow cells isolated from mice aged about 17 days was evaluated by the induction of tartaric acid resistant acidic phosphatase activity. The inhibition of the acid phosphatase was measured and used as the activity of the protein which possesses osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory activity (OCIF). Namely, 100  $\mu$ l/well of a OCIF sample which was diluted with  $\alpha$ -MEM culture medium (Gibco BRL) containing 2x10<sup>-8</sup> M activated vitamin D<sub>3</sub> and 10% fetal bovine serum was added to each well of a 96 well micro plate. Then, 3x10<sup>5</sup> bone marrow cells isolated from mice (about 17-days old) suspended in 100  $\mu$ l of  $\alpha$ -MEM culture medium containing 10% fetal bovine serum were added to each well of the 96 well micro plate and cultured for a week at 37°C and 100% humidity under 5% CO<sub>2</sub> atmosphere. On days 3 and 5, 160  $\mu$ l of the conditioned medium was removed from each well, and 160  $\mu$ l of a sam-

ple which was diluted with  $\alpha$ -MEM culture medium containing  $1 \times 10^{-8}$  M activated vitamin D<sub>3</sub> and 10% fetal bovine serum was added. After 7 days from the start of culturing, the cells were washed with a phosphate buffered saline and fixed with a ethanol/acetone (1:1) solution for one minute at room temperature. The osteoclast formation was detected by staining the cells using an acidic phosphatase activity measurement kit (Acid Phosphatase, Leucocyte, Cat.No. 387-A, Sigma Company). A decrease in the number of cells positive to acidic phosphatase activity in the presence of tartaric acid was taken as the OCIF activity. The results are shown in Table 1, which indicates that the conditioned medium exhibits the similar activity to natural type OCIF obtained from the IMR-90 culture medium and recombinant OCIF produced by CHO cells.

TABLE 1

Activity of OCIF expressed by COS-7 cells in the conditioned medium						
Dilution	1/10	1/20	1/40	1/80	1/160	1/320
OCIF genomic DNA introduced	++	++	++	++	+	-
Vector introduced	-	-	-	-	-	-
Untreated	-	-	-	-	-	-
"++" indicates an activity inhibiting 80% or more of osteoclast formation, "+" indicates an activity inhibiting 30-80% of osteoclast formation, and "-" indicates that no inhibition of osteoclast formation is observed.						

### (iii) Identification of the product by Western Blotting

A buffer solution (10  $\mu$ l) for SDS-PAGE (0.5 M Tris-HCl, 20% glycerol, 4% SDS, 20  $\mu$ g/ml bromophenol blue, pH 6.8) was added to 10  $\mu$ l of the sample for the measurement of OCIF activity prepared in (ii) above. After boiling for 3 minutes at 100°C, the mixture was subjected to 10% SDS polyacrylamide electrophoresis under non-reducing conditions. The proteins were transferred from the gel to a PVDF membrane (ProBlott, Perkin Elmer) using semi-dry blotting apparatus (Biorad). The membrane was blocked and incubated for 2 hours at 37°C together with a horseradish peroxidase-labeled anti-OCIF antibody obtained by labeling the previously obtained OCIF protein with horseradish peroxidase according to a conventional method. After washing, the protein which has bound the anti-OCIF antibody was detected using the ECL system (Amasham). As shown in Figure 1, two bands, one with a molecular weight of about 120 kilo dalton and the other 60 kilo dalton, were detected in the supernatant obtained from the culture broth of COS-7 cells in which pWESR $\alpha$ OCIF was transfected. On the other hand, these two bands with a molecular weight of about 120 kilo dalton and 60 kilo dalton were not detected in the supernatant obtained from the culture broth of COS-7 cells in which pWESR $\alpha$ vector was transfected, confirming that the protein obtained was OCIF.

### INDUSTRIAL APPLICABILITY

The present invention provides a genomic DNA encoding a protein OCIF which possesses an osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory activity and a process for preparing this protein by a genetic engineering technique using the genomic DNA. The protein obtained by expressing the gene of the present invention exhibits an osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory activity and is useful as an agent for the treatment and improvement of diseases involving a decrease in the amount of bone such as osteoporosis, other diseases resulting from bone metabolism abnormality such as rheumatism or degenerative joint disease, and multiple myeloma. The protein is further useful as an antigen to establish antibodies useful for an immunological diagnosis of such diseases.

### NOTE ON MICROORGANISM

#### Depositing Organization:

The Ministry of International Trade and Industry, National Institute of Bioscience and Human Technology, Agency of Industrial Science and Technology  
 Address: 1-3, Higashi-1-Chome, Tsukuba-shi, Ibaraki-ken, Japan  
 Date of Deposition: June 21, 1995 (originally deposited on June 21, 1995 and transferred to the international deposition according to the Budapest Treaty on October 25, 1995)  
 Accession No. FERM BP-5267

TABLE OF SEQUENCES

Sequence number: 1

Length of sequence: 1316

Sequence Type: nucleic acid

Strandedness: double

Topology: linear

Molecular type: genomic DNA (human OCIF genomic DNA-1)

Sequence:

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CTGGAGACAT ATAACTTGAA CACTTGGCCC TGATGGGGAA GCAGCTCTGC AGGGACTTTT  60
TCAGCCATCT GTAAACAATT TCAGTGCCAA CCCGCGAACT GTAATCCATG AATGGGACCA 120
CACTTTACAA GTCATCAAGT CTAATTCTA GACCAGGGAA TTAATCGGGG AGACAGCGAA 180
CCCTAGAGCA AAGTGCCAAA CTTCTGTGGA TAGCTTGAGG CTAGTGGAAA CACCTCGAGG 240
AGGCTACTCC AGAAGTTCAG CGCGTAGGAA GCTCCGATAC CAATAGCCCT TTGATGATGG 300
TGGGGTTGGT GAAGGGAACA GTGCTCCGCA AGTTTATCCC TGCCCAGGC AGTCCAATTT 360
TCACTCTGCA GATTCTCTCT GGCTCTAACT ACCCCAGATA ACAAGGAGTG AATGCAGAAT 420
AGCACGGGCT TTAGGGCCAA TCAGACATTA GTTAGAAAAA TTCCTACTAC ATGGTTTATG 480
TAAACTTGAA GATGAATCAT TGCGAACTCC CCGAAAAGGG CTCAGACAAT GCCATGCATA 540
AAGAGGGCCC CTGTAATTTG AGGTTTCAGA ACCCGAAGTG AAGGGGTCAG GCAGCCGGGT 600
ACGGCGGAAA CTCACAGCTT TCGCCAGCG AGAGGACAAA GGTCTGGGAC ACACTCCAAC 660
TGGGTCCGGA TCTTGGCTGG ATCGGACTCT CAGGGTGGAG GAGACACAAG CACAGCAGCT 720
GCCCAGCGTG TCCCAGCCC TCCCACCGCT GGTCCCGGCT GCCAGGAGGC TGGCCGCTGG 780
CGGGAAGGGG CCGGGAACC TCAGAGCCCC GCGGAGACAG CAGCCGCCCT GTTCCTCAGC 840
CCGGTGGCTT TTTTTCGCC TGCTCTCCCA GGGGACAGAC ACCACGCCC CACCCCTCAC 900
GCCCCACCTC CCTGGGGGAT CTTTCCGCC CCAGCCCTGA AAGCGTTAAT CCTGGAGCTT 960
TCTGCACACC CCCCAGCCG TCCCGCCAA GCTTCCTAAA AAAGAAAGGT GCAAAGTTTG 1020
GTCCAGGATA GAAAAATCAC TGATCAAAGG CAGGCGATAC TTCCTGTTGC CGGGACGCTA 1080
TATATAACGT GATGAGCCCA CGGGTGGCG AGACGCACCG GAGCGCTCGC CCAGCCGCCG 1140

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CCTCCAAGCC CCTGAGGTTT CCGGGGACCA CA ATG AAC AAG TTG CTG TGC TGC 1193

Met Asn Lys Leu Leu Cys Cys

-20

-15

CGG CTC GTG GTAAGTCCCT GGGCCAGCCG ACGGGTGGCC GGGCCTGGG 1242

Ala Leu Val

GAGGCTGCTG CCACCTGGTC TCCCAACCTC CCAGCGGACC GGCAGGGAGA AGGCTCCACT 1302

CGCTCCCTCC CAGG 1316

Sequence number: 2

Length of sequence: 9898

Sequence Type: nucleic acid

Strandedness: double

Topology: linear

Molecular type: genomic DNA (human OCIF genomic DNA-2)

Sequence:

GCTTACTTTG TGCCAAATCT CATTAGGCTT AAGGTAATAC AGGACTTTGA GTCAAATGAT 60

ACTGTTGCAC ATAAGAACAA ACCTATTTTC ATGCTAAGAT GATGCCACTG TGTTCCTTTC 120

TCCTTCTAG TTT CTG GAC ATC TCC ATT AAG TGG ACC ACC CAG GAA ACG TTT 171

Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe

-10

-5

1

CCT CCA AAG TAC CTT CAT TAT GAC GAA GAA ACC TCT CAT CAG CTG TTG 219

Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu

5

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5 TGT GAC AAA TGT CCT CCT GGT ACC TAC CTA AAA CAA CAC TGT ACA GCA 267  
 Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala  
 20 25 30 35

10 AAG TGG AAG ACC GTG TGC GCC CCT TGC CCT GAC CAC TAC TAC ACA GAC 315  
 Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp  
 15 40 45 50

20 AGC TGG CAC ACC AGT GAC GAG TGT CTA TAC TGC AGC CCC GTG TGC AAG 363  
 Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys  
 25 55 60 65

30 GAG CTG CAG TAC GTC AAG CAG GAG TGC AAT CGC ACC CAC AAC CGC GTG 411  
 Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val  
 70 75 80

35 TGC GAA TGC AAG GAA GGG CGC TAC CTT GAG ATA GAG TTC TGC TTG AAA 459  
 Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys  
 40 85 90 95

45 CAT AGG AGC TGC CCT CCT GGA TTT GGA GTG GTG CAA GCT G GTACGTGTCA 509  
 His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala  
 100 105 110

50 ATGTGCAGCA AAATTAATTA GGATCATGCA AAGTCAGATA GTTGTGACAG TTTAGGAGAA 569  
 55

CACTTTTGT CTGATGACAT TATAGGATAG CAAATTGCAA AGGTAATGAA ACCTGCCAGG 629  
 TAGGTACTAT GTGTCTGGAG TGCTTCCAAA GGACCATTGC TCAGAGGAAT ACTTTGCCAC 689  
 TACAGGGCAA TTTAATGACA AATCTCAAAT GCAGCAAATT ATTCTCTCAT GAGATGCATG 749  
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 ATACCTCTAT ATTTCACTTC AGCATGGACA CCTTCAAACCT GCAGCACITTT TTGACAAACA 869  
 TCAGAAATGT TAATTTATAC CAAGAGAGTA ATTATGCTCA TATTAATGAG ACTCTGGAGT 929  
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 GGGTGTGGAA TCCCATCAGA TAAAGCAAA TCCATGTAAT TCATTCAGTA AGTTGTATAT 1949  
 GTAGAAAAAT GAAAAGTGGG CTATGCAGCT TGGAACTAG AGAATTTTGA AAAATAATGC 2009  
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 25 CTAATGAAGT GAAAAATGAA AATGCTAGAG TTTTGTGCAA CATAATAGTA GCAGTAAAAA 4409  
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 GAGAAGGTAC TAAATTGCTT GGTATTTTCC GTAG GA ACC CCA GAG CGA AAT ACA 4523

Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr

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35 GTT TGC AAA AGA TGT CCA GAT GGG TTC TTC TCA AAT GAG ACG TCA TCT 4571  
 Val Cys Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser  
 40 120 125 130 135

45 AAA GCA CCC TGT AGA AAA CAC ACA AAT TGC AGT GTC TTT GGT CTC CTG 4619  
 Lys Ala Pro Cys Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu  
 140 145 150

50 CTA ACT CAG AAA GGA AAT GCA ACA CAC GAC AAC ATA TGT TCC GGA AAC 4667  
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Leu Thr Gln Lys Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn

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AGT GAA TCA ACT CAA AAA TGT GGA ATA G GTAATTACAT TCCAAAATAC 4715

Ser Glu Ser Thr Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile

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GTCTTTGTAC GATTTTGTAG TATCATCTCT CTCTCTGAGT TGAACACAAG GCCTCCAGCC 4775  
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 ATAATCCCAA CATTTTGGGG GCGCAAGGTA GGCAGATCAC TTGAGGTCAG GATTTCAAGA 5195  
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Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg

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185

TTT GCT GTT CCT ACA AAG TTT ACG CCT AAC TGG CTT AGT GTC TTG GTA 6795  
 40 Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val

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GAC AAT TTG CCT GGC ACC AAA GTA AAC GCA GAG AGT GTA GAG AGG ATA 6843  
 45 Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile

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AAA CGG CAA CAC AGC TCA CAA GAA CAG ACT TTC CAG CTG CTG AAG TTA 6891

Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu

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230

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TGG AAA CAT CAA AAC AAA GAC CAA GAT ATA GTC AAG AAG ATC ATC CAA G 6940

Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln

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Asp Ile Asp

25  
 30 CTC TGT GAA AAC AGC GTG CAG CGG CAC ATT GGA CAT GCT AAC CTC ACC 8724  
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 255 260 265 270

35 TTC GAG CAG CTT CGT AGC TTG ATG GAA AGC TTA CCG GGA AAG AAA GTG 8772  
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 40 275 280 285

45 GGA GCA GAA GAC ATT GAA AAA ACA ATA AAG CCA TGC AAA CCC AGT GAC 8820  
 Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys Pro Ser Asp  
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50 CAG ATC CTG AAG CTG CTC AGT TTG TGG CGA ATA AAA AAT GGC GAC CAA 8868  
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Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn Gly Asp Gln

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GAC ACC TTG AAG GGC CTA ATG CAC GCA CTA AAG CAC TCA AAG ACG TAC 8916

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CAC TTT CCC AAA ACT GTC ACT CAG AGT CTA AAG AAG ACC ATC AGG TTC 8964

His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr Ile Arg Phe

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CTT CAC AGC TTC ACA ATG TAC AAA TTG TAT CAG AAG TTA TTT TTA GAA 9012

Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu

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Sequence number: 3

20 Length of sequence: 401

Sequence Type: amino acid

Strandedness: single stranded

25 Topology: linear

Molecular type: protein

30

Sequence:

Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser  
 35           -20                   -15                   -10  
 Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His  
 40           -5                   1                   5  
 Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro  
 10                   15                   20  
 45 Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr  
 25                   30                   35  
 50 Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His  
 40                   45                   50

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Ile Gln Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile  
 250 255 260  
 Gly His Ala Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu  
 265 270 275  
 Ser Leu Pro Gly Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr  
 280 285 290  
 Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser  
 295 300 305  
 Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu  
 310 315 320  
 Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr  
 325 330 335  
 Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe  
 340 345 350  
 Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly  
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 Asn Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Leu  
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Sequence number: 4

Length of sequence: 1206

Sequence Type: nucleic acid

Strandedness: single stranded

Topology: linear

Molecular type: cDNA

## Sequence:

5 ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60  
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 10 GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT 240  
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 15 CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCCA GAAGAAATACA 420  
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 20 AGAAAACACA CAAATTGCAG TGTCTTTGGT CTCCTGCTAA CTCAGAAAGG AAATGCAACA 540  
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 40 GTCCTCAGA GTCTAAAGAA GACCATCAGG TTCCTTCACA GCTTCACAAT GTACAAATTG 1140  
 TATCAGAAGT TATTTTTAGA AATGATAGGT AACCAGGTCC AATCAGTAAA AATAAGCTGC 1200  
 45 TTATAA 1206

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## SEQUENCE LISTING

## (1) GENERAL INFORMATION:

## (i) APPLICANT:

(A) NAME: SNOW BRAND MILK PRODUCTS CO., LTD.  
 (B) STREET: 1-1, NAEBOCHO 6-CHOME  
 (C) CITY: HIGASHI-KU, SAPPORO-SHI  
 (D) STATE: HOKKAIDO  
 (E) COUNTRY: JP  
 (F) POSTAL CODE (ZIP): NONE

(ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: NOVEL DNA AND PROCESS FOR PREPARING PROTEIN USING THE DNA

(iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 4

## (iv) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

(A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk  
 (B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible  
 (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS  
 (D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.25 (EPO)

## (v) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: EP 97935810.8

## (vi) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

(A) APPLICATION NUMBER: JP 235928/96  
 (B) FILING DATE: 19-AUG-1996

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 1316 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: double  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: genomic DNA (human OCIF genomic DNA-1)

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

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CCCTAGAGCA AAGTGCCAAA CTCTCTGTCG TAGCTTGAGG CTAGTGGAAA GACCTCGAGG 240
AGGCTACTCC AGAAGTTCAG CGCGTAGGAA GCTCCGATAC CAATAGCCCT TTGATGATGG 300
TGGGGTTGGT GAAGGGAACA GTGCTCCGCA AGGTTATCCC TGCCCCAGGC AGTCCAATT 360
TCACTCTGCA GATTCTCTCT GGCTCTAACT ACCCCAGATA ACAAGGAGTG AATGCAGAAT 420
AGCACGGGCT TTAGGGCCAA TCAGACATTA GTTAGAAAAA TTCCTACTAC ATGGTTTATG 480
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AAGAGGGGCC CTGTAATTG AGGTTTCAGA ACCCGAAGTG AAGGGGTCAG GCAGCCGGGT 600
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CCGGTGGCTT TTTTTCCTCC TGCTCTCCCA GGGGACAGAC ACCACCGCCC CACCCCTCAC 900
GCCCCACCTC CCTGGGGGAT CCTTCCGCCC CCAGCCCTGA AAGCGTTAAT CCTGGAGCTT 960
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TATATAACGT GATGAGCGCA CGGGCTGCGG AGACGCACCG GAGCGCTCGC CCAGCCGCCG 1140
CCTCCAAGCC CCTGAGGTTT CCGGGGACCA CA ATG AAC AAG TTG CTG TGC TGC 1193
Met Asn Lys Leu Leu Cys Cys
-20 -15

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GCG CTC GTG GTAAGTCCCT GGGCCAGCCG ACGGGTGCCC GCGCCTGGG 1242

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Ala Leu Val

GAGGCTGCTG CCACCTGGTC TCCCAACCTC CCAGCGGACC GGCGGGGAGA AGGCTCCACT 1302  
CGTCCCTCC CAGG 1316

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:

### (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 9898 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: genomic DNA (human OCIF genomic DNA-2)

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:

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TCCTTCTAG TTT CTG GAC ATC TCC ATT AAG TGG ACC ACC CAG GAA ACG TTT 171  
Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe  
-10 -5 1

CCT CCA AAG TAC CTT CAT TAT GAC GAA GAA ACC TCT CAT CAG CTG TTG 219  
Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu  
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TGT GAC AAA TGT CCT CCT GGT ACC TAC CTA AAA CAA CAC TGT ACA GCA 267  
Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala  
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AAG TGG AAG ACC GTG TGC GCC CCT TGC CCT GAC CAC TAC TAC ACA GAC 315  
Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp  
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GAG CTG CAG TAC GTC AAG CAG GAG TGC AAT CGC ACC CAC AAC CGC GTG 411  
Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val  
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TGC GAA TGC AAG GAA GGG CGC TAC CTT GAG ATA GAG TTC TGC TTG AAA 459  
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EP 0 874 045 A1

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EP 0 874 045 A1

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170 175

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220 225 230 235

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Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala Asn Leu Thr  
255 260 265 270

TTC GAG CAG CTT CGT AGC TTG ATG GAA AGC TTA CCG GGA AAG AAA GTG 8772  
Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly Lys Lys Val  
275 280 285

GGA GCA GAA GAC ATT GAA AAA ACA ATA AAG GCA TGC AAA CCC AGT GAC 8820  
Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys Pro Ser Asp  
290 295 300

CAG ATC CTG AAG CTG CTC AGT TTG TGG CGA ATA AAA AAT GGC GAC CAA 8868  
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305 310 315

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320 325 330

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## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:3:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 401 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:

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-5					1					5				
Tyr	Asp	Glu	Glu	Thr	Ser	His	Gln	Leu	Leu	Cys	Asp	Lys	Cys	Pro
10					15					20				
Pro	Gly	Thr	Tyr	Leu	Lys	Gln	His	Cys	Thr	Ala	Lys	Trp	Lys	Thr
25					30					35				
Val	Cys	Ala	Pro	Cys	Pro	Asp	His	Tyr	Tyr	Thr	Asp	Ser	Trp	His
40					45					50				
Thr	Ser	Asp	Glu	Cys	Leu	Tyr	Cys	Ser	Pro	Val	Cys	Lys	Glu	Leu
55					60					65				
Gln	Tyr	Val	Lys	Gln	Glu	Cys	Asn	Arg	Thr	His	Asn	Arg	Val	Cys
70					75					80				
Glu	Cys	Lys	Glu	Gly	Arg	Tyr	Leu	Glu	Ile	Glu	Phe	Cys	Leu	Lys
85					90					95				
His	Arg	Ser	Cys	Pro	Pro	Gly	Phe	Gly	Val	Val	Gln	Ala	Gly	Thr
100					105					110				
Pro	Glu	Arg	Asn	Thr	Val	Cys	Lys	Arg	Cys	Pro	Asp	Gly	Phe	Phe
115					120					125				
Ser	Asn	Glu	Thr	Ser	Ser	Lys	Ala	Pro	Cys	Arg	Lys	His	Thr	Asn
130					135					140				
Cys	Ser	Val	Phe	Gly	Leu	Leu	Leu	Thr	Gln	Lys	Gly	Asn	Ala	Thr
145					150					155				
His	Asp	Asn	Ile	Cys	Ser	Gly	Asn	Ser	Glu	Ser	Thr	Gln	Lys	Cys
160					165					170				
Gly	Ile	Asp	Val	Thr	Leu	Cys	Glu	Glu	Ala	Phe	Phe	Arg	Phe	Ala
175					180					185				
Val	Pro	Thr	Lys	Phe	Thr	Pro	Asn	Trp	Leu	Ser	Val	Leu	Val	Asp
190					195					200				
Asn	Leu	Pro	Gly	Thr	Lys	Val	Asn	Ala	Glu	Ser	Val	Glu	Arg	Ile
205					210					215				
Lys	Arg	Gln	His	Ser	Ser	Gln	Glu	Gln	Thr	Phe	Gln	Leu	Leu	Lys
220					225					230				
Leu	Trp	Lys	His	Gln	Asn	Lys	Asp	Gln	Asp	Ile	Val	Lys	Lys	Ile
235					240					245				
Ile	Gln	Asp	Ile	Asp	Leu	Cys	Glu	Asn	Ser	Val	Gln	Arg	His	Ile
250					255					260				
Gly	His	Ala	Asn	Leu	Thr	Phe	Glu	Gln	Leu	Arg	Ser	Leu	Met	Glu
265					270					275				
Ser	Leu	Pro	Gly	Lys	Lys	Val	Gly	Ala	Glu	Asp	Ile	Glu	Lys	Thr
280					285					290				
Ile	Lys	Ala	Cys	Lys	Pro	Ser	Asp	Gln	Ile	Leu	Lys	Leu	Leu	Ser
295					300					305				

Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu  
 310 315 320  
 Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr  
 5 325 330 335  
 Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe  
 340 345 350  
 Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly  
 355 360 365  
 10 Asn Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Leu  
 370 375 380

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:

- 15 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 1206 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
 20 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:

25 ATGAACAAC TGTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60  
 CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 120  
 TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC 180  
 GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT 240  
 CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC 300  
 CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA 360  
 30 CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCGAGA GCGAAATACA 420  
 GTTTGCAAAA GATGTCCAGA TGGGTTCTTC TCAAATGAGA CGTCATCTAA AGCACCCCTGT 480  
 AGAAAACACA CAAATTGCAG TGTCTTTGGT CTCCTGCTAA CTCAGAAAGG AAATGCAACA 540  
 CACGACAACA TATGTTCCGG AAACAGTGAA TCAACTCAA AATGTGGAAT AGATGTTACC 600  
 CTGTGTGAGG AGGCATTCTT CAGGTTTGCT GTTCCTACAA AGTTTACGCC TAACTGGCTT 660  
 35 AGTGTCTTGG TAGACAATTT GCCTGGCACC AAAGTAAACG CAGAGAGTGT AGAGAGGATA 720  
 AAACGGCAAC ACAGCTCACA AGAACAGACT TTCCAGCTGC TGAAGTTATG GAAACATCAA 780  
 AACAAAGACC AAGATATAGT CAAGAAGATC ATCCAAGATA TTGACCTCTG TGAAAACAGC 840  
 GTGCAGCGGC ACATTGGACA TGCTAACCTC ACCTTCGAGC AGCTTCGTAG CTTGATGGAA 900  
 AGCTTACCGG GAAAGAAAGT GGGAGCAGAA GACATTGAAA AAACAATAAA GGCATGCAAA 960  
 40 CCCAGTGACC AGATCCTGAA GCTGCTCAGT TTGTGGCGAA TAAAAAATGG CGACCAAGAC 1020  
 ACCTTGAAGG GCCTAATGCA CGCACTAAAG CACTCAAAGA CGTACCACTT TCCCAAAACT 1080  
 GTCACTCAGA GTCTAAAGAA GACCATCAGG TTCCTTCACA GCTTCACAAT GTACAAATTG 1140  
 TATCAGAAGT TATTTT TAGA AATGATAGGT AACCAGGTCC AATCAGTAAA AATAAGCTGC 1200  
 TTATAA 1206

## Claims

- 50 1. A DNA comprising the nucleotide sequences of the Sequences No. 1 and No. 2 in the Sequence Table.  
 2. The DNA according to claim 1, wherein the Sequence ID No. 1 includes the first exon of the OCIF gene and the Sequence ID No. 2 includes the second, third, fourth, and fifth exons.  
 55 3. A protein exhibiting the activity of inhibiting differentiation and/or maturation of osteoclasts and having the following physicochemical characteristics,

(a) molecular weight (SDS-PAGE):

EP 0 874 045 A1

(i) Under reducing conditions: about 60 kD,

(ii) Under non-reducing conditions: about 60 kD and about 120 kD;

(b) amino acid sequence:

includes an amino acid sequence of the Sequence ID No. 3 in the Sequence Table,

(c) affinity:

exhibits affinity to a cation exchanger and heparin, and

(d) heat stability:

(i) the osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory activity is reduced when treated with heat at 70°C for 10 minutes or at 56°C for 30 minutes,

(ii) the osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory activity is lost when treated with heat at 90°C for 10 minutes.

4. A process for producing a protein exhibiting an activity of inhibiting differentiation and/or maturation of osteoclasts and having the following physicochemical characteristics,

(a) molecular weight (SDS-PAGE):

(i) Under reducing conditions: about 60 kD,

(ii) Under non-reducing conditions: about 60 kD and about 120 kD;

(b) amino acid sequence:

includes an amino acid sequence of the Sequence ID No. 3 of the Sequence Table,

(c) affinity:

exhibits affinity to a cation exchanger and heparin, and

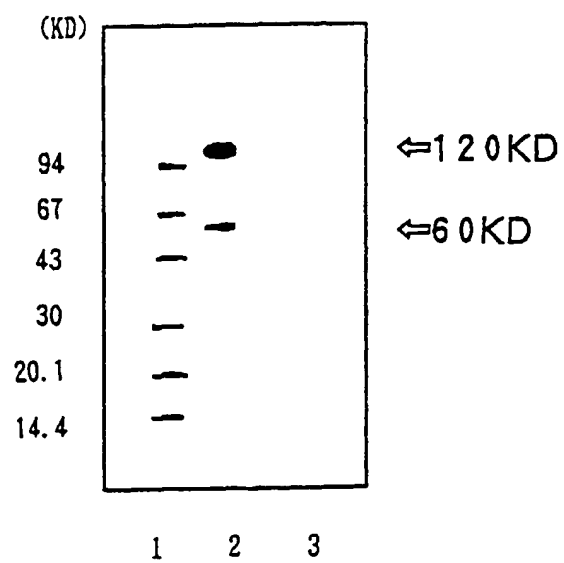
(d) heat stability:

(i) the osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory activity is reduced when treated with heat at 70°C for 10 minutes or at 56°C for 30 minutes,

(ii) the osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory activity is lost when treated with heat at 90°C for 10 minutes,

the process comprising inserting a DNA including the nucleotide sequences of the sequences No. 1 and No. 2 in the Sequence Table into an expression vector, producing a vector capable of expressing a protein having the above-mentioned physicochemical characteristics and exhibiting the activity of inhibiting differentiation and/or maturation of osteoclasts, and producing this protein by a genetic engineering technique.

Figure 1



## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/JP97/02859

<b>A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER</b> Int. Cl <sup>6</sup> C12N15/00, C12P21/00 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC		
<b>B. FIELDS SEARCHED</b> Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) Int. Cl <sup>6</sup> C12N15/00, C12P21/00 Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used) WPI, GENETYX-CDROM, BIOSIS		
<b>C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT</b>		
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	Cancer Research, (1995), Vol. 55, Toshiyuki Yoneda, et al. "Sumarin suppresses hypercalcemia and osteoclastic bone resorption in nude mice bearing a human squamous cancer" P. 1989-1993	1 - 4
A	Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, (1990) Vol. 87 Kukita A. et al. "Osteoinductive factor inhibits formation of human osteoclast-like cells" P. 3023-3026	1 - 4
<input type="checkbox"/> Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. <input type="checkbox"/> See patent family annex.		
* Special categories of cited documents: "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance "E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art "&" document member of the same patent family		
Date of the actual completion of the international search September 29, 1997 (29. 09. 97)		Date of mailing of the international search report October 7, 1997 (07. 10. 97)
Name and mailing address of the ISA/ Japanese Patent Office Facsimile No.		Authorized officer Telephone No.

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